CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,

The Members of PIRAMAL CORPORATE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **PIRAMAL CORPORATE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED** ("Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), and its associates listed in Annexure A, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, their consolidated profit, the consolidated other comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



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Key Audit Matter

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

Refer to Note No. 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The group has Goodwill of Rs. 1,63,080 lakhs on the standalone balance sheet that arose mainly from past merger.

Goodwill has to be assessed for impairment on a yearly basis by management using a discounted cash flow model to individually determine the value in use of goodwill balances. This requires the use of a number of key assumptions and judgments, including the estimated future cash flows, long-term growth rates, profitability levels and discount rates applied as well as the determination of the cash generating units ("CGUs") for the goodwill impairment testing. The group used Income Approach and Relief from Royalty Method for current value analysis of the Goodwill.

The goodwill balance is significant compared to total assets and there are a number of judgments involved in performing the impairment test. That is why the same is considered as Key Audit Matter.

Auditor's Response

Our audit procedures included discussion with the management. We understood, evaluated and validated management's key controls over the impairment assessment process:

- We reviewed the impairment testing working provided by the management.
 We also reviewed the calculations and basis of calculations.
- We obtained management's future cash flow forecasts, tested the mathematical accuracy of the underlying calculations.
 We also compared historical actual results to those budgeted to assess the quality of management's forecasts.
- We gained an understanding and assessed the reasonableness of business plans by comparing them to prior year's assumptions.
- We also assessed the reasonableness of key assumptions used in the calculations, comprising sales growth rates, gross profit margin, net profit margin, perpetual growth rate and discount rates. When assessing these key assumptions, we discussed them with management to understand and evaluate management's basis for determining the assumptions.
- We obtained and tested management's sensitivity analysis around the key assumptions, to ascertain that selected adverse changes to key assumptions, both individually and in aggregate, would not cause the carrying amount of goodwill to exceed the recoverable amount.
- We evaluated management's assessment on whether any events or change in circumstances indicate there may be a change in the expected useful lives of assets.



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Other Information

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates audited by the other auditors, to the extent it relates to these entities and, in doing so, place reliance on the work of the other auditors and consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. Other information so far as it relates to the subsidiaries and associates is traced from their financial statements audited by the other auditors. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective company's management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each entity and of its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective management either intends to liquidate or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and its associates.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities and business activities within the Group and its associates to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the business activities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

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We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

(a) We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of three subsidiaries , whose financial statements / financial information reflect unconsolidated total assets of Rs. 69,485.02 lakhs as at March 31, 2021, unconsolidated total revenues of Rs. 1,772.09 lakhs , unconsolidated other comprehensive income of Rs. 10.38 lakhs, unconsolidated net loss after tax of Rs. 662.38 lakhs and unconsolidated net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 59.26 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements, in respect of three associates include the Group's share of net loss of Rs. 0.48 lakhs and other comprehensive income is Nil, whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries/associates are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the unaudited financial statements / financial information certified by the management of the Holding Company.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements / information of subsidiaries, unaudited financial statements / financial information referred to in the paragraph on 'Other Matters' section above, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.



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- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books, returns and the reports of the other auditors.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and its associates incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and its associates incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on the financial statements / information of the subsidiaries and its associates, the financial statements / information certified by the Management in the case of some subsidiaries, as noted in the paragraph on 'Other Matters':
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates Refer Note No. 44 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Group and its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivatives contacts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, and its associates incorporated in India.



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h) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the section 197(16) of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the holding company and its subsidiaries and associates except one subsidiary. The subsidiary company to which this section applies has not given any remuneration to the directors during the financial year. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 101484W/W100197

Vijay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No. 108374

UDIN: 22108374 AAAA 9 K 2026

Place: Mumbai

Date: November 22, 2021

F- 11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.



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Annexure A to the Independent Auditors Report dated November 22, 2021

Sr. No.	Name	Subsidiary / Associates
1	Piramal Water Private Limited	Subsidiary
2	Piramal Sons Private Limited	Subsidiary
3	The Swastik Safe Deposit And investments Limited	Subsidiary
4	Ecofriendly Corpack Private Limited	Associate
5	Samir Chinai Associates Private Limited	Associate
6	India Polo Promotion Foundation	Associate



M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Referred to in paragraph (f) of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of **PIRAMAL CORPORATE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2021, we have audited the internal financial control over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and its associates, incorporated in India, wherever applicable, as of that date.

In our opinion to the best of our knowledge and according to the opinion expressed in the report of other auditors, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associates incorporated in India, wherever applicable, in all material respects, have an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the criteria for internal controls over financial reporting established by the respective companies, wherever applicable, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective company's management and Board of Directors of Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associates incorporated in India, wherever applicable, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.



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Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the paragraph on 'Other Matters', is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associates incorporated in India, wherever applicable.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



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Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to subsidiary companies and associates companies, which are companies incorporated in India, wherever applicable, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India and the information provided by the Management.

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 101484W/W100197

Vijay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No. 108374

UDIN: 22108374AAAABK 2026

Place: Mumbai

Date: November 22, 2021

F- 11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.



solidated Balance Sheet t 31 March 2021			(Rs. In Lai
	Note	31 March 2021	10000
ASSETS	riote	31 WIATCH 2021	31 March 2
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	2,206,84	2,390
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3	393.98	
(c) Goodwill	4	1,63,080.00	1,63,080
(d) Right-of-use assets	5	14.04	23
(e) Other Intangible assets (f) Intangible assets under development	6	7.34	
(g) Investment in equity accounted investees	7	114.72	238
(h) Financial assets	8	37.05	31
(i) Investments	9	62 252 24	(2.07)
(ii) Other financial assets	10	63,352,24 21,81	63,273
(i) Deferred tax assets (Net)	28	21.81	2
(j) Non Current tax assets (Net)	11	3,046.15	5:
(k) Other Non current assets	12	0.00	1,186
Total Non-Current Assets		2,32,274.17	2,30,30
Current Assets	-	2,32,274,17	2,30,30
(a) Inventories	13	191.02	272
(b) Financial assets		171.02	211
(i) Investments	14	5,124.09	5,02
(ii) Trade receivables	15	2,402.03	2,30
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	16	410.40	43:
(iv) Bank Balance other than (iii) above	17	0.43	(5)
(v) Loans	18	66,318.23	11,35
(vi) Other financial assets	19	327 29	53.
c) Current tax assets (net)	20	4,369.90	4,12
d) Other Current assets	21	679.70	62:
Total Current Assets		79,823.09	24,680
TOTAL ASSETS		3,12,097.26	2,54,98
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	22	1,75,379,09	1,75,37
b) Other equity	23	54,120.21	49,75
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	-	2,29,499.30	2,25,13
Non-controlling interests	43	16,420.48	16,40
otal Equity		2,45,919.78	2,41,54
iabilities	=	341345 12110	DJ41JU4
Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	24	0.00	5.00
(ii) Lease liabilities	25	0.00 5.36	5,09
(iii) Other financial liabilities	26	1,097.10	1: 1,09:
p) Provisions	27	170.97	249
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	28	2,376.08	243
otal Non-Current Liabilities		3,649.51	6,460
Current liabilities	7.	3,047.31	0,400
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	29	51,642.34	2,165
(ii) Trade payables -	30	5 1,0 1m 5 T	2,10
(a) due of micro enterprises and small enterprises		- C	(
(b) due of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,176.58	330
(iii) Lease liabilities	31	10,01	9
(iv) Other financial liabilities	32	7,522.47	2,256
o) Provisions	33	1,301.30	1,333
c) Other current liabilities	34	875,27	888
,		62,527.97	6,983
otal Current Liabilities			
otal Current Liabilities otal Liabilities		66,177.48	13,444
otal Current Liabilities	\	66,177.48 3,12,097.26	2,54,987

As per our report of even date attached FOR M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 101484W / W100197

Vijay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No: 108374

Date: November 22, 2021

F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumhai - 400 020, India.

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited

Sunil Adekia Director

DIN: 00020049

DIN: 06575756

Jitesh Agarwal Company Secretary Membership No. FCS-6890

Place: Mumbai Date: November 22, 2021

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2021			(Rs. In Lakhs
Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Income			
Revenue from operations	35	12,979.20	12,380.41
Other income	36	871.71	1,290.41
Total income		13,850.91	13,670.82
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	37	215.63	406.72
Purchase of stock-in-trade	37	5.32	10.46
Changes in inventories of finished goods, semi finished goods and stock-in-trade	38	3.64	(1.11
Employee benefits expense	39	2,290.91	2,379.50
Finance costs	40	2,328.44	2,179.95
Depreciation and amortisation expense	41	205.99	211.01
Other expenses	42	3,206.64	3,974.00
Total expenses		8,256.57	9,160.54
Profit before share of net profits of investments accounted for using the		5,594.35	4,510.28
equity method and tax			
Share of net profits of associates and joint ventures accounted for using		(0.48)	(0.75
the equity method		5,593.86	4,509.54
Profit before tax		3,373.00	4,509.54
Fax expense: Current tax		11.85	1,140.71
Short/(Excess) provision of tax relating to earlier years		1.28	(533.55
MAT Credit Entitlement		1.20	(1,140.71
Deferred tax		1,289.98	(4,379.49
Total Tax expense		1,303.12	(4,913.05
Profit for the year		4,290.74	9,422.58
Other comprehensive income		1,20174	2,322.00
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Re-measurements of defined benefit plan		84.96	(36.91
Fair value of equity instruments through other comprehensive income		1.29	145.10
Income tax relating to above		0.00	275.58
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		86.26	383.77
Total comprehensive income for the year		4,377.00	9,806.30
Profits attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		4,274.17	9,420.88
Non-Controlling interests		16.58	1.70
Profit for the year		4,290.74	9,422.58
Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		86.26	383.77
Non-Controlling interests			0₩
Other comprehensive income for the year		86.26	383.77
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		4,360.43	9,804.65
Non-Controlling interests		16.58	1.70
Total comprehensive income for the year		4,377.00	9,806.36
Earnings per share (Face Value Rs. 10)			
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs.)	47	0.24	0.54
Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs.)	47	0.24	0.54
Significant accounting policies	2		
The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements.			

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101484W / W100197

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited

Vijay Kumar Jain

Place: Mumbai

Partner

Membership No: 108374

Date: November 22, 2021

Sunil Adukia Director

DIN: 00020049

Narayan A.

Director

DIN: 06575756

Jitesh Agarwal

Company Secretary Membership No. FCS-6890

ERED ACCO

F- 11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Place: Mumbai

Mumbai - 400 020, India.

Date: November 22, 2021

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars		31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Cash flows from operating activities			4.540.50
Profit before tax		5,594.35	4,510.28
Adjustments for:			202 (1)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		196.62	202.64
Finance costs		1,314.10	2,177.39
Interest income		499.97	(2,580.42)
IND AS 116 effect		0.32	1.02
Loss/(Profit) on sale of Investments		(1.14)	429.27
Intangible assets under development written off		124.00	(01.00)
Liabilities no longer payable written back		161.10	(21.26)
Loss / (Gain) on Investments classified as FVTPL		(109.16)	(938.59)
Premium on redemption of preference shares		0.00	0.00
Interest on Income Tax Refund		(53.74)	70.00
Provision for Doubtful Loan & Interest			79.00
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (Net)		10.87	
Dividend Income		(0.02)	(0.02)
Net gain on foreign currency transaction and translation	-	(0.13)	(3.97)
		7,737.14	3,855.34
Working capital adjustments:		684.27	124.32
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables			(324.67)
Increase / (Decrease) in Current financial liabilities		(25.43)	
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current liabilities		82.27	(41.71) 9.87
Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Provisions		14.45	(15.78)
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Provisions		(46.00)	1,936.19
(Increase) / Decrease in loans & Advances		(51,098.36)	8.16
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories		81.28	2,624.73
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables		(94.27)	(31.70)
(Increase) / Decrease Other Financial assets		(148.11) 8.78	972.49
(Increase) / Decrease Other Current assets			9,117.24
Cash generated from operations	(8)	(42,803.97)	(1,516.33)
Income taxes paid (Net)		(915.66)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	(A)	(43,719.64)	7,600.91
Cash flows from investing activities		(40.5.58)	(28.97)
Payments for purchase of items of property, plant and equipment (net)		(406.68)	17000000
Purchase of Intangible Assets (net)		(7.34)	(238.72)
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets		(10.98)	(1.446.72)
(Purchase)/Sale of investments		(68.36)	(1,446.72)
Dividend received		0.02	0.02
Interest received		(499.97)	2,096.33
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	(993.32)	381.93
Cash flows from financing activities		45 (50 (2	(5 001 44)
Proceeds/(Repayment) of non-current borrowings (Net)		45,658.62	(5,801.44)
Dividend paid		(0.61)	(1.10)
Interest paid		(972.76)	(2,400.06)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	(C)	44,685.25	(8,202.60)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C})$	(27.70)	(219.76)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	21	438.10	657.86
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		410.40	438.10



Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited Cash Flow Statement (Continued) for the year ended 31 March 2020 (Rs. In Lakhs) 1. The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 - Statement of Cash As at As at 31 March 2021 31 March 2020 2. Cash and cash equivalents include: Balances with banks: 407.83 436.36 In current accounts 1.73 2.57 Cash on Hand 438.10 410.40 The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements. As per our report of even date attached For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Chartered Accountants Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited FRN: 101484W / W100197 Nakoy om 9 Sunil Adukia Narayan A. Vijay Kumar Jain Director Director Partner DIN: 00020049 DIN: 06575756 Membership No: 108374 F-11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India. Jitesh Agarwal

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Membership No. FCS-6890

Date: November 22, 2021

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Place: Mumbai

Date: November 22, 2021

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up [A] Equity share capital

(Rs. In Lakbs)

Amount

Number of shares

Note

1,75,379.09 1,75,379.09 1,75,379.09

1,75,37,90,892 1,75,37,90,892 1,75,37,90,892 Amount

Number of shares

Note 23

Changes in equity share capital during the year Balance as at 1 April 2019

Balance as at 31 March 2020

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance as at 31 March 2021

Share suspense account

[B] Other equity

Equity suspense share issued during the year (Refer Note given below) Balance as at 1 April 2019

Balance as at 31 March 2020

Balance as at 31 March 2021

			Reserves	Reserves and surplus			Other comp	rehensive income	Fonity	Attributable to	Tot.
Reserves and surplus	Capital Reserve	pital Reserve Capital reserve on Consolidation of associates	Capital Redemption reserve	Reserve fund u/f 45- General reserve IC(1) of RBI Act, 1934	General reserve	Retained	Equity investments	Actuarial gains and losses	attributable to shareholders of the Commany	-	2
Balunce as at 1 April 2019	158.35	804.24	0.10	98.189	61,852.55	(7,892.59)	678.11	76.43		16,403.55	, v
Profit for the year Transfer to reserves	9 14	800	100 - 1	W. 5	30 3	9,422.58	96 1	96	9,420.88	1,70	

(1.10)

(0.73)

9,422.58 56,359.05

otal

145.10 275.58

9,805.25

0.97 16,404.52

66,164,3]

(36.91)

(36.91) 145.10 275.58

(36.91)

(1.33)

145.10 275.58 420.68 (0.00) 84.96 1.29

(0.00) 84 96 1 29

84 96

1.29 1.30 1,100.10

000

4.360.42 54,120.21

84.96 124.48

4,277.18 5,804.74

61,852,55

12.94 696.14

0.00

804.24

158.35

4,376.38 70,540.69

15.96

16,420.48

(0.61)

(0.61) 16.58

(0.00)

4,274 17

(12.94)

12.94

1,527.56 4,290.74 (0.61)

61.852.55

1.33

804.24

158.35

9,420.15

(0.00)

0.00

49.759.79

39.51

4,290.74

Fair value of equity instruments through other comprehensive income Items of other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxes Re-measurements of defined benefit plans

Dividend paid

income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss

fotal comprehensive income for the year Balance as at 31 March 2020

ransfer to reserves Profit for the year

Dividend paid

tems of other comprehensive income for the year, net of taxes apital redemption reserve created out of buyback ce-measurements of defined benefit plans

acome tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss an value of equity instruments through other comprehensive income fotal comprehensive income for the year Balance as at 31 March 2021 The notes referred above are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP

FRN: 101484W / W100197 Chartered Accountants

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DRING

Membership No: 108374 Vijay Kumar Jain

90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Date: November 22, 2021 Place: Mumbai

F- 11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal,

Mumbai - 400 020, India.

Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

DIN: 00020049 Sunil Adulia Director

Date: November 22, 2021

Place: Mumbai

DIN: 06575756

Jitesh Agarwal

Company Secretary Membership No. FCS-6890

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

1 Company overview

Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited/PCSPL (formerly known as Nicholas Piramal Pharma Private Limited) ("Company") incorporated on 27 March 1989 under the Companied Act 1956, at Mumbai. Pursuant to the scheme The company applied for a change in name to "Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited" vide application dated 09 November 2018, These consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (referred to collectively as the "Group") and the Group's interest in associates. The Company is primarily engaged in business of providing Royalty and Corporate Services.

The Group is also engaged in business of lending and investing funds, selling of goods and providing royalty and corporate services.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

b) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Group's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise indicated.

c) Basis of measurement

The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

Items	Measurement basis
Certain financial assets and financial liabilities	Fair value
Net defined benefit (asset)/ liability	Fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligations

d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Group to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Classification of investment of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Identification of whether the Group has significant influence, joint control or control over an investee is based on the relevant agreements and regulations

Impairment of equity accounted investee

The Group reviews its carrying value of equity accounted investees annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements

Impairment of goodwill

The Group estimates the value-in-use of the goodwill based on the future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rate and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The discount rate used for the goodwill represent the weighted average cost of capital based on the historical market returns of comparable companies.

Impairment of investments

The Group reviews its carrying value of investments carried at amortised cost / deemed cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than it is carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation because of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Recognition of Deferred Tax assets/liabilities

Group recognizes deferred tax assets/liabilities based on temporary differences between taxable profits and book profits. Refer note 28

Determination of Employee benefits

The group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity for post-employment benefit plan. The group uses actuarial valuation reports for such contribution plans and the details of assumptions are given in note 49

e) Measurement of fair values

A number of Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Group has establish policies and procedure with respect to measurement of fair values. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, mutual funds and forward contracts that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration.

f) Basis for consolidation

Business combinations

The Group accounts for its business combinations under acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs are recognised in profit and loss as incurred. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the condition for recognition are recognised at their values at the acquisition date.

Purchase consideration paid in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after reassessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognised as capital reserve.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders is initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement is made on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interest is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in the equity of subsidiaries.

If a business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit and loss or OCI, as appropriate.

Business combinations arising from transfer of interests in entities that are under the common control are accounted for using the carrying values i.e. pooling of interest method. The difference between any consideration given and the aggregate historical carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the acquired entity are recorded in capital reserve

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

Subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year. The Group combines the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered. Intra Group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed wherever necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests (NCI)

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets at the date acquisition. Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions

Equity accounted investee:

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise interests in associates.

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies.

Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of profit and loss and OCI of equity accounted investees until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

2.2 Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

Income and expenses in foreign currencies are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date and exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

2.3 Financial instruments

i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus / minus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

a. Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortised cost:
- FVOCI debt investment;
- FVOCI equity investment; or
- FVTPI

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment- by- investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.
Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

b. Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

iii. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

Financial liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

iv. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.4 Investment in associates

Investments representing equity interest in associates are carried at cost less any provision for impairment.

Investments are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment, Goodwill and intangible assets

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property plant and equipment.

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

iii. Depreciation and amortisation

- i. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except mobile phones where useful life has taken 2 years
- ii. Goodwill on merger is included in intangible assets. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

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iii. Freehold improvements are depreciated over the lease period or useful life whichever is lower.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

2.6 Impairment

A. Impairment of financial instruments

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on:

- i. Financial assets measured at amortised cost; and
- ii. Financial assets measured at FVOCI- debt investments.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit- impaired includes the following observable data:

- i. significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- ii. a breach of contract such as a default or being past due for 90 days or more;
- iii. the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- iv. it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- v. the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

- i. debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- ii. other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

B. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of the disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an individual asset is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

In respect of assets for which impairment loss has been recognised in prior periods, the group reviews at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Such a reversal is recognized in the statement of Profit or Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as an increase in revaluation.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

2.7 Revenue recognition

- i. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established
- ii. Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Rate method.
- iii. Revenue comprises of revenue from providing Royalty and Corporate Services. Revenue is recognised over a period of time, as and when the performance obligation is satisfied with an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.
- iv. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:
- a) the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- b) the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- d) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- e) the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.8 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit are compensated absence which is post employment benefit measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the amount of obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined contribution plans:

Contribution payable to the provident and superannuation fund, which is a defined contribution scheme, is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity is post employment benefit and is in the nature of Defined Benefit Plan. The Liability recognized in the balance sheet is the present value of defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date together with the adjustments for unrecognized actuarial gain or losses and the past service costs.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan ('the asset ceiling'). In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service ('past service cost' or 'past service gain') or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the statement profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

The Group considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

2.10 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Group recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

2.11 Leases

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease. The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

2.12 Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

ii. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustments to future economic benefits in the form of adjustments to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the group will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with it will flow to the group.

iii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is also recognised in respect of carried forward tax losses and tax credits.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. The existence of unused tax losses is strong evidence that future taxable profit may not be available. Therefore, in case of a history of recent losses, the Group recognises a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realised. Deferred tax assets – unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised/ reduced to the extent that it is probable/ no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

2.13 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are treated as direct cost and are considered as part of cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. The capitalisation of borrowing cost is suspended when the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset are deferred / interrupted for significant period of time.

2.14 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

2.15 Exceptional items

On certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the group is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the group. Such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, are disclosed in the notes accompanying to the Ind AS financial statements.

2.16 Dividend

Final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Group's Board of Directors.

2.17 Segment reporting

The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the Executive Directors and Chief Financial Officer (who are the Group's chief operating decision maker) in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in conformity with the accounting policies of the Group. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which related to the Group as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis have been included under unallocable revenue/expenses/assets/liabilities.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

3 Property, plant and equipment

(Rs. In Lakhs)

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

	Improvements	Premises	Freehold	Childent Equipment	and Fixture	venicies	Computers	10fal	Capital Work in progress (Office Premises)
Balance as at 1 April 2019	145.85	1,710.88	349.76	57.29	243.92	708.83	89.53	3 306 07	i
Additions/Adjustments during the year for	300	2360	(4)	5.08	0.27	1 0	23.61	28.97	ř
merger				3	ţ		į. :		
Councilous	X	•		(8.00)	(/40)	(0)()	(14/)	(17.53)	XII
Balance as at 31 March 2020	145.85	1,710.88	349.76	53.72	236.79	708.83	111.67	3,317.51	P.
Balance as at 1 April 2020	145.85	1,710.88	349.76	53,72	236.79	708.83	111.67	3,317.51	:0
Additions	*	23.69	*	0.83	1.38	æ	1.12	27.02	393.98
Deductions	*	W	(12.02)	(11.64)	(9.16)	(5.67)	(1.41)	(39.90)	
Adjustments	r	r	С	ij	T	×	3	Ţ.	*
Balance as at 31 March 2021	145.85	1,734.57	337.75	42.91	229.01	703.16	111.38	3,304.63	393.98
Accumulated depreciation									
Balance as at 1 April 2019	59.54	21.31	301.47	28.49	115.97	163.93	51.05	741.75	ii e
Adjustments during the year for merger	*	¥		Ĩ	ä	(9	R	ü	4
Depreciation for the year	14.94	32.10	20.55	11,11	23.56	76.96	23.42	202.64	9
Deductions	36	×	٠	(8.66)	(7.40)	*	(1.47)	(17.53)	*
Balance as at 31 March 2020	74.48	53.40	322.02	30.94	132.13	240.89	73.00	926.87	95
Balance as at 1 April 2020	74.48	53.40	322.02	30.94	132.13	240.89	73.00	926.87	
Depreciation for the year	10.71	32.63	21.71	10.08	23.28	76.39	21.10	195.91	M2
Deductions	2001	G)	(8.80)	(7.86)	(0.00)	(4.96)	(3.32)	(24.99)	K
Adjustments		9	2003	(*	5180	(0)	.1	i.	•6
Balance as at 31 March 2021	85.20	86.03	334.93	33.17	155.35	312.32	90.78	1.097.78	

393.98

2,564.32 2,390.64 2,206.84

38.48 38.67 **20.60**

544.90 467.94 **390.84**

127.95

28.81

48.30 27.74 **2.81**

1,689.58

86.31 71.37 **60.65**

Balance as at 31 March 2020

Balance as at 31 March 2021

Carrying amounts (net) Balance as at 1 April 2019 ĮP,

73.65

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

4 Intangible assets

Reconciliation of carrying amount

		Goodwill	Total
Deemed cost [Refer Note given below]			
Balance as at 1 April 2019		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Additions/ Adjustments		V: (¥	(46
Deductions		*	r ě
Balance as at 31 March 2020		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Balance as at 1 April 2020		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Additions/ Adjustments		#	€
Deductions		<u></u>	2
Balance as at 31 March 2021	ž.	1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance as at 1 April 2019		¥	*
Depreciation for the year		业	₩
Deductions		<u> </u>	#
Balance as at 31 March 2020		5 .	#
Balance as at 1 April 2020	· ·	ж	Ħ
Depreciation for the year		¥	×
Deductions		9	2
Balance as at 31 March 2021			m.
Carrying amounts (net)			
Balance as at 1 April 2019		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Balance as at 31 March 2020		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00
Balance as at 31 March 2021		1,63,080.00	1,63,080.00

Note:

Goodwill is recognised in the books due to the scheme of merger which was effective from 1st February 2018.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

5 Right-of-use

Particulars	Right to Use Assets
Carrying cost As at April 1, 2019	*
Additions	31.78
Disposals	
Carrying cost As at March 31, 2020	31.78
Additions	-
Disposals	
Carrying cost As at March 31, 2021	31.78

Particulars	Right to Use Assets
Accumulated amortisation and impairment As at April 1, 2019	-
Amortisation charge during the year	8.37
Disposals	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment As at March 31, 2020	8.37
Amortisation charge during the year	9.37
Disposals	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment As at March 31, 2021	17.74
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	_
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	23.41
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	14.04



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

6 Other Intangible assets

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	(#):
Additions/ Adjustments	(a)
Deductions	<u> </u>
Balance as at 31 March 2020	:#8
Balance as at 1 April 2020	(#7)
Additions/ Adjustments	7.34
Deductions	寧
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7.34

7 Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	*
Additions/ Adjustments	238.72
Deductions)#2
Balance as at 31 March 2020	238.72
Balance as at 1 April 2020	238.72
Additions/ Adjustments)±"
Deductions	(124.00)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	114.72



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

8 Investment in equity accounted investees

See accounting policies in Notes 2.1(t) Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest in associates		
25,000 (31st March 2020: 25,000) equity shares of Eco Friendly Corpack Private Limited	12.75	12.97
25,000 (31st March 2020: 25,000) equity shares of India Polo Promotion Foundation		0.05
23,000 (31st March 2020: 23,000) equity shares of Samir Chinai Associates Pvt Ltd Total	24.30 37.05	24.52 37.54

The Company has no material associates as at March 31, 2021. The aggregate summarized financial information in respect of the Company's immaterial associates that are accounted for using the equity method is set forth below

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Carrying amount of interests in associates	37.05	37.54
- Share in profit	(0.48)	(0.75)
Share in other comprehensive incomeShare in total comprehensive income	(0.48)	(0.75)

9 Investments (Non-current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
Quoted (at Fair Value through OCI) (FVOCI)		
700 (31st March 2020: 700) equity shares of Crompton Greaves Consumers Limited	2.75	1.46
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
Unquoted (at FVOCI)		
1,00,00,000 (31st March 2020: 1,00,00,000) equity shares of Utoo Cabs Limited	0.00	0.00
Investment in preference shares (Fully paid-up)		
Unquoted (at FVTPL)		
6808 (31st March 2020: 6808) 1% Redeemable Non. Cumulative Preference		
share in Alpex Holdings Private Limited	0.00	0.00
10,000 (31st March 2020: 10,000) of 0.1% Redeemable Non. Cumulative		
Optionally Convertible Preference share in Alpex Holdings Private Limited		
	0.00	0.00
15,200 (31st March 2020: 15,200) 0.1% Redeemable Non.Cumulative		
Optionally Convertible Preference share in Alpex Holdings Private Limited		
	0.00	0.00
6,670 (31st March 2020: 6,670) 0.01% Redeemable Non. Cumulative		
Preference share in Alpex Holdings Private Limited	0.00	0.00
60,000 (31st March 2020: 60,000) 0% Optionally Convertible Preference		
share in Advent Fiscal Pvt. Ltd.	485.04	440.95
45,000 (31st March 2020: 45,000) 0% Optionally Convertible Preference		
share in Nifty Portfolio Services Pvt. Ltd.	363.78	330.71
2,50,000 (31st March 2020: 2,50,000) Investment in 6% Non-Cumulative		
Redeemable Preference shares of Alpex Holdings Pvt. Ltd	62,500.00	62,500.00



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

9 Investments (Non-current) (continued)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Investment in Equity shares		
Quoted (at FVTPL)		
374,500 (31st March 2020: 374,500)Electric Control Gear (India) Ltd.	0.00	0.00
10 (31st March 2020: 10) Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	0.24	0.23
5,750 (31st March 2020: 5,750) Integra Garments & Textile Ltd.	0.23	0.00
739 (31st March 2020: 739) Omnitax Industries Ltd.	0.17	0.00
10,000 (31st March 2020: 10,000) Globsyn Technologies Ltd.	0.00	0.00
1,739 (31st March 2020: 1,739) Secure Earthe Technologies Ltd.	0.00	0.00
12 (31st March 2020: 12) Reliance Capital Ltd.	0.00	0.00
12 (31st March 2020: 12) Reliance Home Finance Ltd.	0.00	0.00
254 (31st March 2020: 254) Reliance Communications Ltd.	0.00	0.00
19 (31st March 2020: 19) Reliance Infrastructure Ltd.	0.01	0.00
63 (31st March 2020: 63) Reliance Power Ltd.	0.00	0.00
Total	63,352.24	63,273.36
	3.41	1.70
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		63,271.66
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	63,348.83	,
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	3.41	1.70

10 Other financial assets (Non-current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
NSC Certificate	0.35	0.35
Security deposits	21.46	21.60
Total	21.81	21.95

11 Non-current tax assets (net)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision for tax)	3,046.15	1,186.40
Total	3,046.15	1,186.40

12 Other Non Current assets

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Advances: Unsecured, Considered Doubtful	332.50	332.50
Oliseculea, Colisiacica Doubliai	332.50	332.50
Less: Provision for doubtful advances	(332.50)	(332.50)
Doss, 110 violott for dodottal advantage		34/
Other non-current asset	0.00	0.00
Total	0.00	0.00



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

13 Inventories (measured at lower of cost and net realisable value)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Raw materials	187.03	264.68
Stock-in-trade	3.99	7.62
Total	191.02	272.30

14 Investments (Current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid up) Quoted (at FVTPL) 50 Shares (31st March, 2020: 50) Pilani Investments and Industries Corporation Ltd.	0.79	0.56
Investment in preference shares (fully paid up) Unquoted (at FVTPL) 32,00,000 (31st March 2020: 32,00,000) 4% Redeemable Non-cumulative Preference Share in Emblem Holdings Private Limited	3,200.00	3,200.00
Investment in Mutual Funds 0.945 Units (31st March, 2020: 0.920 Units) Nippon India Mutual Fund 27,788.541 Units (31st March, 2020: 26,323.799 Units) of Nippon India Liquid Fund - Growth Plan - Growth Option	0.01 1,388.72	0.01 1,269.47
Investment in Others NIL Units** (31st March, 2020: 809.6045 Units) of INDIAREIT Fund Scheme I 1398.09060 Units** (31st March, 2020: 1398.09060 Units) of IndiaVenture Trust - Fund I 307.3874 Units (31st March, 2020: 307.3874 Units) of IndiaVenture Trust - Fund II	235.10 299.47	3.64 224.03 325.32
Total	5,124.09	5,023.03
**Units are subject to change as per transactions executed at Fund level		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of unquoted investments Aggregate market value of quoted investments	0.79 5,123.30 0.79	0.56 5,022.46 0.56

15 Trade receivables

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Unsecured, considered good	2,402.03	2,298.16
Unsecured, considered doubtful	€.	8.64
	2,402.03	2,306.80
Less: Provision for expected credit losses	-5	+
Less: Trade receivables with increase in credit risk	<u> </u>	105
Less: Trade receivables with credit impaired		
Total	2,402.03	2,306.80

16 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars		31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Balance with banks:			
- In current accounts		407.83	436.36
Cash on Hand		2.57	1.73
Total	ANIMAL	410.40	438.10

TERED ACCOUNT

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

17 Other bank balances

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Unpaid Dividend account*	0.43	0.48
Total	0.43	0.48

^{*}The group can utilise balances only towards settlement of the unpaid dividend.

18 Loans (Current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
T	ν.	
Loans and advances to related party	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Unsecured, considered good	66,317.41	11,354.44
Unsecured, considered doubtful	2	161.10
	66,317.41	11,515.54
Less: expected credit loss	<u> </u>	(161.10)
	66,317.41	11,354.44
Loans to employees	0.82	2
Total	66,318.23	11,354.44

19 Other financial assets (Current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Interest receivable	298.19	484.09
Other receivables	16.92	34.33
Deposits		
Unsecured Considered Good	12.19	14.79
Total	327.29	533.21

20 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Advance tax and tax deducted at source (net of provision for tax)	4,369.90	4,129.38
Total	4,369.90	4,129.38

21 Other Current assets

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Prepaid expenses	16.83	18.30
Balance with government authorities	536.71	518.58
Advances to vendors	20.67	19.65
Advance for gratuity	41.58	2.93
Gratuity Fund	13.14	
Others current assets	50.77	62.81
Total	679.70	622.27



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

22 Equity share capital

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Authorised Share capital 1,758,160,000 (31 March 2020: 1,758,160,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each 3,440,000 (31 March 2020: 3,440,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	1,75,816.00 344.00	1,75,816.00 344.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital 1,753,790,892 (31 March 2020: 1,753,790,892) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,75,379.09	1,75,379.09

All issued shares are fully paid up.

Reconciliation of share outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year	31 March	2021	31 March 2	2020
Particulars	Numbers	Amount	Numbers	Amount
At the beginning and at the end of the year	1,75,37,90,892	1,75,379,09	1,75,37,90,892	1,75,379.09

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs, 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Details of Share holders holding more than 5% of Shares 31 March 2020 31 March 2021 % holding Name of shareholder % holding No. of Shares No. of Shares 92.49% 92.49% 1,62,20,50,731 1,62,20,50,731 The Sri Govinda Trust 1,31,74,016 7,51% 7.51% 1,31,74,016 The Sri Krishna Trust

There are no shares allotted either as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or under any contract without payment received in cash during 5 years immediately preceding 31 March 2021.

23 Other equity*

Particulars		31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Capital Reserve Capital Reserve on Consolidation Capital Redemption reserve Reserve fund u/f 45-IC(1) of RBI Act, 1934 General reserve Retained earnings	Refer Note (i) below Refer Note (ii) below Refer Note (iii) below Refer Note (iv) below Refer Note (v) below	158.35 804.24 0.11 696.14 61,852.55 5,804.74	158.35 804.24 0.10 683.19 61,852.55 1,527.56
Other Comprehensive Income Equity investments Actuarial gains and losses Total	Refer Note (vi) below	1,100.10 124.48 70,540.69	1,098.80 39,51 66,164.31

^{*} For movement of reserves, refer statement of changes in equity

Nature of reserves

(i) Capital Reserve

Capital reserve is created in past business combinations

(ii) Capital Reserve on Consolidation

Capital Reserve on Consolidation is created on consolidation of its subsidiaries with the company. Also goodwill on common control transactions is adjusted against capital reserve.

(iii) Capital Redemption Reserve

Capital reserve is created in past business combinations.

(iv) Reserve fund u/f 45-IC(1) of RBI Act,1934

Reserve Fund is required to be maintained u/s 45-IC(1) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for Non Banking Financial Companies, being 20% of profit after tax computed.

(v) General Reserve

The General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not item of other comprehensive income, items included in the General reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of

(vi) OCI - Equity investments

The company recognises unrealised and realised gain on equity shares in FV



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

24 Non-current borrowings

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
15% Non-Cumulative Preference shares	0.00	0.00
Unsecured	(4)	5,098.52
Long term maturities (Refer note (i) below) Total	0.00	5,098.53

(i) Details of borrowings:	Interest rate	Repayment terms	Maturity date	Security details
Borrowings	11.40%	For interest- Quarterly	37 months	Nil
Unsecured - term loan from financial institutions	11.1075	For principal - 13th, 25th and		
		37th month equal repayment		

25 Lease liabilities (Non-current)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 Márch 2020
	46	5.36	15.37
Lease liabilities Total		5.36	15.37

26 Other financial liabilities (Non-current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Col Co. List In Professional Charges	1,097.10	1,097.10
6% Cumulative redeemable Preference Shares Total	1,097.10	1,097.10

27 Provisions (Non-current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Provision for employee benefits	170.97	249.72
- Provision for leave entitlement Total	170.97	249.72

29 Current borrowings

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Unsecured loans		
From others	3,642.34	2,165.15
- From Body Corporates** - From Financial Institutions***	48,000.00	(i)e)
Total	51,642.34	2,165.15

Note

**Loan from body corporates carried interest rate of 11% p.a. repayable on demand

^{***}Loan from financial institutions carried interest rate of 11% p.a. repayable on or before 31st May, 2021



(Rs. In Lakhs)

28 Deferred tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Deferred tax liabilities (net) (refer note (i) movement in deferred tax liabilities)	2,376.08	(55.90)
Total	2,376.08	(55.90)

(i) Movements in deferred tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2020	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	MAT Credit Adjustments	Balance as at 31 March 2021
Deferred tax liability					
Difference between WDV of property, plant and equipment					
and goodwill as per books and income tax	21,482.50	(667.42)	±:	>50	20,815.08
Financial asset measured through FVTPL	22.70	10.88	<u>=</u>	560	33.58
Financial asset measured through FVOCI	0.34	0.02	(0.00)	380	0,35
Others	0.26	0.07	20	٨	0.34
Deferred tax assets					
Financial asset measured at amortised cost	0.00	0.03	*		0.03
Financial asset measured through FVTPL	861.75	240.58	5		1,102.33
Premium on redemption of preference shares	1.69	(1.69)	2	-	(0.00)
Doubtful Advances	90	83.68	*	5.5	83.68
Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit entitlement	1,176,48	*	5	(1,141.99)	34.48
Unabsorbed Business Losses	19,078.99	(2,003.58)	≨	304	17,075.41
Merger Expenses u/s 35DD	79.14	(28.21)	*	(1 5)	50.93
Employees benefit	73.25	(64.84)	¥	22	8,40
Provisions for Doubtful debts	290.40	(172.40)	¥	2€3	118.00
Total	(55.90)	1,289.98	(0.00)	1,141.99	2,376.08

Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	MAT Credit Adjustments	Balance as at 31 March 2020
Deferred tax liability					
Difference between WDV of property, plant and equipment and	24,345.08	(2,862.58)	≖	*	21,482,50
Financial asset measured through FVTPL	25	22.70		•	22,70
Financial asset measured through FVOCI	275.86	0.06	(275.58)	93	0.34
Premium on redemption of preference shares	1.07	(1.07)	*	*	(%)
Others	78	0.26		and the second	0.26
Deferred tax assets					
Financial asset measured at amortised cost	1,17	(1:17)	€	€.	0,00
Financial asset measured through FVTPL	1,143.75	(282.00)	2	€	861.75
Premium on redemption of preference shares	·	1.69	2	*	1.69
Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit entitlement	35.77	3	8	1,140.71	1,176,48
Unabsorbed Business Losses	17,252.45	1,826.54	2	€	19,078.99
Merger Expenses u/s 35DD	40.05	39.10	22	¥	79.14
Employees benefit	83.23	(9.99)	:=	#	73,25
Provisions for Doubtful debts	325,70	(35.30)		-	290.40
Total	5,739.89	(4,379.49)	(275.58)	(1,140.71)	(55.90)

(ii) Income tax expense / (income) recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current tax		
Current tax on profit for the year	11.85	1,140.71
Short/Excess provision of tax relating to earlier years	1.28	(533,55)
Deferred tax		
Attributable to Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,289.98	(4,379,49)
MAT Credit Entitlement		(1,140,71)
Total	1,303.12	(4,913.05)

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Profit before income tax expense	5,594.35	4,510.28
Tax at the Indian tax rate 15.60% (Previous Year - 15.60%)	872.72	703.60
Add: Items giving rise to difference in tax		
Income Tax for earlier years	1,28	(533.55)
Others	429.12	(5,083.10)
Income Tax Expenses	1,303.12	(4,913.05)



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

30 Trade payables

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Total outstanding		0.04
Dues of Micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.04
Dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,176.58	330.34
Total	1,176.58	330.38

Micro and Small enterprises have been identified by the Company on the basis of the information available. Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small enterprises, which are outstanding for more than the stipulated period and other disclosures as per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) are given below:

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
(a) Dues remaining unpaid		
- Principal	2	0.04
- Interest on above*	*	**
(b) Interest paid in terms of Section 16 of MSMED Act		
- Principal paid beyond the appointed date	9	2
- Interest paid in terms of Section 16 of MSMED Act	2	×
(c) Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay on payments made beyond the appointed day during the year		
	i a	5
(d) Amount of interest accrued and unpaid*		

^{*} The Company has not provided any interest on the amount outstanding beyond stipulated period in previous year.

31 Lease liabilities (Current)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Lease liabilities	46	10.01	9.05
Total		10.01	9.05

32 Other financial liabilities (Current)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current maturities of long term debts	24(i)	7,481.76	2,175.90
Interest accrued but not due		36.84	42.16
Other financial Liabilities		3.87	38.86
Total		7,522.47	2,256.92

33 Provisions (Current)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Provision for employee benefits	49		
- Provision for gratuity		929	18.12
- Provision for leave entitlement		42.83	24.21
Provision for other liabilities		1,258.48	1,291.53
Total		1,301.30	1,333.85
1 Otal			

34 Other liabilities (Current)

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Customer advances	582.51	226.09
	39.86	39.86
Security Deposit	0.43	0.48
Unpaid dividend	252.47	620.49
Statutory liability Others current liabilities		1.53
	875.27	888.44
Total		



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

35 Revenue from operations

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Revenue from contract with customers		
Sale of services		
Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	10,175.37	8,317.44
License Fees Received	87.00	92.07
Other Services	623.11	827.97
Sale of goods		
From Manufacturing Activity	215.85	655.80
From Trading Activity	0.10	0.26
Other operating revenue		
Interest Income:		
on loans to employees		0.03
from others	1,830.29	2,409.94
Gain on sale of Investments classified as FVTPL	46.35	73.34
Profit on sale of investments	1.14	3.57
Total	12,979.20	12,380.41

36 Other income

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Gain on sale of Investments classified as FVTPL		62.81	865.25
Gain on foreign currency transaction and translation (Net)		10.30	5.42
Write back off expenses		(w)	21.24
Liabilities no longer payable written back		161.10	0.02
Profit on sale of investments		72	225.14
Dividend Income		0.02	0.02
Interest Income on Fixed Deposit		12	0.07
Interest on Income Tax Refund		53.74	191
Interest on Others		6.82	170.39
Recovery of Doubtful Loan & Interest	48	575.00	72
Other Income		1.91	2.86
Total		871.71	1,290.41

37 (a) Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
i i		
Raw material consumed		
Inventory of materials at the beginning of the year	264.68	273.95
Add: Purchases during the year	137.98	397.45
Less: Inventory of materials at the end of the year	187.03	264.68
<u>*</u>	215.63	406.72



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

(b) Purchases of stock in trade

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Caps & Brushes	5.32	10.46
Total	5.32	10.46

38 Changes in inventories of finished goods, semi finished goods and stock-in-trade

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Inventory at the beginning of the year		
Traded Goods	7.62	6.51
Traded Goods	7.62	6.51
Inventory at the end of the year		
Traded Goods	3.99	7.62
	3.99	7.62
Total	3.64	(1.11)

39 Employee benefits expense

Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
49	2,113.73 158.96	2,191.87 137.63 49.99
		2,379.50
		2,113.73

40 Finance costs

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
		855.00	1,924.11
Interest on borrowings from Financial Institution			,
Interest on borrowings from Body Corporates		459.10	253.28
Premium on redemption of preference shares		0.00	0.00
Interest on Lease Liabilities	46	2.03	2.56
Other borrowing costs		1,012.30	
Total		2,328.44	2,179.95

41 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	3	195.91	202.64
Depreciation on leased asset	46	10.08	8.37
Total		205.99	211.01



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

42 Other expenses

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Power and fuel	37.08	39.51
Electricity Charges	5.43	13.59
Consumption of stores and spare parts	28.63	63.26
Freight	5.57	9.69
Borewell Expense	10.51	25.90
Connection Expense	0.16	1.20
Loading & Unloading Expense	0.33	1.79
Launch Expense	10.90	26.37
Tool expense	0.00	0.12
SMS Cost	31.00	40.93
Rent	231.60	282.77
Repairs - Buildings	35.07	27.99
- Plant & Machinery	8.69	7.38
Rates and taxes	39.71	69.11
Insurance	24.60	20.95
Travelling expense	125.78	469.09
Financial assets measured at FVTPL	₩)	0.53
Loss on sale of Investments		657.98
Business Promotion Expenses	29.58	115.51
Bank charges	0.04	0.42
Legal and professional fees	1,618.20	927.14
Printing, stationery and communications expenses	31.77	40.71
Donation expenses	2.87	170.13
Foundation Work Expense	17.02	48.65
Security charges	237.88	215.64
Auditors' remuneration (refer note (i) below)	9.52	8.67
Labour expense	2.35	9.60
Laboratory Expense	5.83	9.31
Office Expenses	36.18	54.68
Research and Development expense	0.08	0.70
Listing Fees	3.00	3.00
Payment to contractors	169.62	399.28
Rechargeable Pit Expense	22.75	60.67
Packing charges	0.15	0.76
Provision for Doubtful Loan & Interest	22	79.00
Inter Corporate Deposit written off	161.10	4
Security Deposit written off	0.15	2
Membership subscription	27.76	24.15
Loss on sale of Fixed Asset	10.98	2
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	62.00	3.00
Miscellaneous expenses	162.78	44.83
Total	3,206.64	3,974.00

Note:

31 March 2021	31 March 2020
	0.45
9.02	8.17
0.50	0.50
9.52	8,67
	9.02 0.50



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

43 Non-controlling interests (continued)

See accounting policies in Notes 2.1(f)

The following table summarises the information relating to each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material NCI, before any intra-group eliminations

31 March 2021	The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Limited	osit & Investment	Limited
NCI percentage	25.61% Intra-group eliminations	ıp eliminations	Total
Non-current assets	62,591.70		62,591.70
Current assets	1,547.87		1,547.87
Non-current liabilities	19.95		19.95
Current liabilities	2.18	(0.53)	1.65
Net assets	64,117.45	0.53	64,117.98
Net assets attributable to NCI	16,420.48	0.14	16,420.61

31 March 2020	The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Limited	& Investments	Limited
NCI percentage	25.61% Intra-group eliminations	minations	Total
Non-current assets	62,591.92		62,591.92
Current assets	1,474.68		1,474.68
Non-current liabilities	8.88		8.88
Current liabilities	2.59	(0.83)	1.76
Net assets	64,055.12	0.83	64,055.95
Net assets attributable to NCI	16,404.52	0.21	16,404,73



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Additional information, as required to Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary / Associates for the year ended March 31, 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)	ssets minus total ties)	Share in profit or loss	or loss	Share in other comprehensive income	her income	Share in total comprehensive income	nprehensive e
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive	Amount	As % consolidated of total comprehensive	Amount
Parent							AUCOME	
Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited	74.52%	1,83,469.64	115.44%	4,953.61	87.97%	75.88	114.89%	5,029.49
Subsidiaries								
(parent's share)								
Piramal Sons Private Limited	(0.57%)	(1,398.23)		(298.30)	0.00%	Ü	(6.81%)	(298.30)
Piramal Waters Private Limited	0.01%	25.37	(%66.6)	(428.80)	12.03%	10.38	(6.56%)	(418.42)
The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Limited	26.04%	64,117.45	1.51%	64.72	0.00%	*	1.48%	64.72
	100%	2,46,214.24	100%	4.291.23	100%	86.26	100%	4.377.49
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(294.46)						
Share of Profit/(Loss) in Associate								
Eco Friendly Corpack Private Limited		31		(0.22)		æ		(0.22)
India Polo Promotion Foundation		HONTE		(0.02)		10		(0.05)
Samir Chinai Associates Pvt Ltd		£		(0.22)		œ		(0.22)
Non Controlling Interest								,
The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Limited	imited	1100		(16.58)				(16.58)
Consolidated Net Assets / Profit after tax / OCI / TCI		2,45,919.78		4,274.17		86.26		4,360.43

Additional information, as required to Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary / Associates for the year ended March 31, 2020



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

	Net assets (total assets minus total liabilities)	issets minus total ities)	Share in profit or loss	or loss	Share in other comprehensive income	her income	Share in total comprehensive income	nprehensive e
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive	Amount	As % consolidated of total comprehensive	Amount
Parent Diramal Comorate Services Drivete I imited	72 780%	07 C44 05 1	7004	0000		9	a lincomi	
	0/0/:0/	1,70,442.00	103.30%	9,936.10	103.64%	405.43	105.50%	10,344.21
Subsidiaries (narent's share)								
Pramal Sons Private Limited	(0.45%)	(1 000 03)	7005 0	2161	/000 0		70/20	
Piramal Waters Private Limited	0.18%	443.80	(%00.9)	(577.51)	(5 64%)	(2) (5)	0.36%	54.64
The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments			(0,000)	(x C:: / / C)	(0/10:6)	(50:17)	(0.11.0)	(11.660)
Limited	26.49%	64,055.12	%80.0	7.42	0.00%	•	0.08%	7.42
	100%	2,41,841.68	100%	9,423.33	100%	383.77	100%	9.807.10
Adjustments arising out of consolidation		(298.28)						
Share of Profit/(Loss) in Associate								
Eco Friendly Corpack Private Limited		738		(0.45)		•		(0.45)
India Polo Promotion Foundation		(t		(0.00)		ī		(0.00)
Samir Chinai Associates Pvt Ltd				(0.24)		1		(0.24)
Non Controlling Interest				,				
The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Limited	mited	C		(1.70)		ī		(1.70)
Consolidated Net Assets / Profit after tax /		6						
OCI/TCI		2,41,543.40		9,420.88		383.77		9,804.65



(Rs. In Lakhs)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

44 Contingent liabilities and Commitments

Contingent liab	ilities
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Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
- Income tax matters in dispute	401.91	949.15
- Disputed demand of Service Tax liability	3,977.55	53.58
- Disputed demand of VAT liability	627.93	627.93
Total	5,007.39	1,630.66

45 Segment reporting

B.

A. Basis for segmentation

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components, and for which discrete financial information is available. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by Directors to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assess their performance.

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. These business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the business units, Directors reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Reportable segments Operations

Sale of services Providing royalty and corporate services to related parties, AMC services for units installed Income from Financial Services Interest income from loans and advances Sale of goods Sale of water purifiers and water ATM's to various customers

Year ended 31 March 2021	Sale of Services	Income from Financial Services	Sale of goods	Total reportable segments
Segment revenue:		501,1000		
- External Revenues	10,885.00	1,877.77	215.96	12,978.72
- Inter- segment revenues	0.48		9	0.48
Total Segment revenue	10,885.48	1,877.77	215.96	12,979.20
Segment results	5,841.55	(464-05)	(654.86)	4,722.64
Add: Unallocated Income			· ·	871.71
Profit before tax				5,594.35
Share of profit (loss) of equity accounted investees				(0.48)
Less: Tax Expenses				1,303.12
Profit after tax				4,290.74
Other Information				
Segment assets	1,77,794.05	1,30,663.51	3,639.70	3,12,097 26
Add: Unallocated				(#)
				3,12,097.26
Segment Liabilities	57,714,49	3,700.77	2,386.14	63,801.40
Add: Unallocated				2,376.08
				66,177.48
Year ended 31 March 2020	Sale of Services	Income from Financial	Sale of goods	Total reportable
		Services		segments
Segment revenue:	0.004.71	2.407.00	(5(05	12 270 (4
- External Revenues	9,236 71	2,486,88	656.05	12,379.64
- Inter- segment revenues	0.77	2.406.00	656.05	0.77 12,380.41
Total Segment revenue	9,237,48	2,486.88		3,219.88
Segment results	3,934.49	245,32	(959.94)	1,290.41
Add: Unallocated Income			-	4,510.28
Profit before tax				(0.75)
Share of profit (loss) of equity accounted investees				(4,913.05)
Less: Tax Expenses				
Profit after tax				9,422.58
Other Information		70 770 64	2.001.10	2.54.022.01
Segment assets	1,71,240.27	79,770.64	3,921.10	2,54,932.01
Add: Unallocated	×.		<u>-</u>	55.90 2,54,987.91
				7 54 9X7 91
DE DE				2,04,007.01

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(Rs. In Lakhs)

C. Information about geographical areas

Revenue attributable to the location of the customers is as follows:

Geographic Location	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
India	11,726.03	10,665.99
Rest of World	1,253.18	1,714.42
Total	12,979.20	12,380.41

46 Leases

The group's leasing arrangements are in respect of office premises / warehouse. These leasing arrangements, which is mostly cancellable, range between 11 months to 3 years and are usually renewable by mutual consent at mutually agreed terms & conditions. The aggregate lease rentals of ₹ 2,31.60 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹, 2,82,77 Lakhs) are charged as rent and shown under the note no. 42 " Other Expenses".

Car Lease Policy:

Effective April 01, 2019, the group has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases", applied to all lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective method of transition. Accordingly, comparatives for the year ended March 31, 2019 have not been retrospectively adjusted. The group's lease asset classes primarily consist of Car Leases.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the group changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application:

- 1. Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date
- 2. Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application
- 3. Applied the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. Accordingly, Ind AS 116 is applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under Ind AS 17

47 Earnings per share

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Face value per equity share (in Rs.)	10	10
(a) Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (Rs. In Lakhs)	4,290,74	9,422.58
(b) Number of equity shares at the beginning and end of the year	1,75,37,90,892	1,75,37,90,892
(c) Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	1,75,37,90,892	1,75,37,90,892
Earnings per share (in Rs.):		
- Basic earnings per share	0.24	0.54
- Diluted earnings per share	0.24	0.54

48 During the year group has recovered Rs. 575.00 Lakhs against the provision made in FY 2018-19 for doubtful loans and advances and same has been considered as income in the current year as "Recovery of Doubtful Loans & Interest".



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

49 Employee benefits (Continued)

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand and the employment market.

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Actuarial assumptions		
[A] Financial assumptions		
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.80% - 6.86%	6,89% - 7,79%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	6,80% - 6,86%	6.89% - 7.79%
Salary growth rate	10.00%	10,00%
[B] Demographic assumptions		
Rate of Employee Turnover	1,00%	1.00%
Withdrawal rates	3.00%	3,00%
Mortality	Indian Assured	Indian Assured Lives
	Lives Mortality	Mortality (2006-08)
	(2006-08)	
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (years)	N _e A	N.A

Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation / asset by the amount shown below:

Particulars	31 Marc	h 2021	31 N	1arch 2020
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (0.5% movement)	(11.22)	12.10	(14 99)	16.14
Salary growth rate (0.5% movement)	11.79	(11.04)	15,70	(14.73)
Attrition rate (0.50% movement)	(1.80)	1,90	(2.61)	2,75

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the Balance Sheet.

(ii) Other long term employee benefits

Leave benefits

The Group has defined benefit plans for leave encashment and compensated absences to eligible employees. Valuation in respect of leave encashment and compensated absences have been carried out by an independent actuary, as at Balance sheet date.

Amount of Rs. Nil (31 March 2020: Rs. 7,15,945) towards leave benefits is recognised as an expense and included in "Employee benefits expense" in the Statement of Profit and Loss,

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Actuarial assumptions		
[A] Financial assumptions		
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.80%	6,89%
Expected rate of return on plan assets		
Salary growth rate	10.00%	10,00%
[B] Demographic assumptions		
Withdrawal rates	3,00%	3.00%
Mortality	Indian Assured	Indian Assured Lives
	Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Mortality (2006-08)
	(2000-00)	



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

49 Employee benefits

A. Defined contribution plan

The Group makes defined contribution to provident and pension fund, employee state insurance scheme and super annuation fund.

Amount recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Employer's contribution to Provident fund and pension scheme	157.96	136.60
Employer's contribution to super annuation fund	1,00	1.03
	158.96	137.63

49 Employee benefits (Continued)

B. Defined Benefit plan

(i) Gratuity

The Group has defined benefit plans for Gratuity to eligible employees. Valuation in respect of gratuity has been carried out by an independent actuary, as at Balance sheet date. The Plan Assets are administered by Kotak Life Insurance as per Investment Pattern stipulated for Pension and Group Schemes Fund by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority regulations.

The following tables set out the funded status of the gratuity plans and the amounts recognised in the Group's financial statements

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of defined benefit obligation		
Benefit obligations at the beginning	475.97	417.07
Current service cost	49.70	43.21
Past service cost	3	3
Interest cost	32.78	32 49
Benefits paid	(24.97)	(71.95)
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation- due to change in Demographic assumptions	*	(11,24)
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation- due to change in Financial assumptions	1,20	4.57
Net actuarial loss / (gain) recognised	(85.33)	61.83
Benefit obligations at the end	449.36	475.97
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of the Fair value of plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning	460.78	460 24
Interest Income	31.74	35.85
Expected return on plan assets excluding interest income	0.83	18.24
Contributions by the employer	35.69	18,39
Benefit paid	(24.97)	(71.95)
Plan assets at the end of the Year	504.08	460.78
Reconciliation of fair value of assets and obligation		
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	387.48	478.90
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	359.04	457.86
(Liability) / asset recognized in balance sheet	28.44	21.04
Current	28.44	21.04
Non-current	*:	
Net Interest Cost		
Interest Cost	30.60	31,22
(Interest Income)	(34,34)	(30.90)
Net Interest Cost for Next Year	(3,73)	0.32
Europea wasaning in public on loss		
Expense recognised in profit or loss Current service cost	46.48	43.21
	(1.11)	(3.36)
Interest cost	45.37	39.84
Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on Obligation for the period	(84.13)	55.15
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest income	(0.83)	(18.24)
	(84.96)	36.91

The expected rate of return on assets is based on the expectation of the average long term rate of return on investment of the fund, during the estimated term of obligation

The obligations are measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows by using a discount rate that is determined with reference to the market yields at the Balance Sheet date on Government Bonds which is consistent with the estimated terms of the obligation.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

50 Related party transactions

A. List of related parties

(i) Controlling Entities

The Sri Govinda Trust Through its Trustees, Mr.Ajay Piramal and Dr. (Mrs.) Swati A. Piramal The Sri Krishna Trust Through its Trustees, Mr.Ajay Piramal and Dr. (Mrs.) Swati A. Piramal

(ii) Associates

India Polo Promotion Foundation Eco Friendly Corpack Private Limited Samir Chinai Associates Private Limited

(iii) Key Management Personnel

Anand Ajay Piramal Narayan Ananthan Sunil Adukia Director Director Director

(iv) Other related parties

Piramal Enterprises Limited

Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Limited

PHL Fininvest Private Limited

Piramal Fund Management Pvt. Ltd.

Piramal Critical Care Inc

Piramal Critical Care GmbH

Decision Resources LLC

Piramal Critical Care Italia SPA

Piramal Healthcare (Canada) Ltd

Piramal Healthcare (UK) Ltd.

Piramal Pharma Solutions Inc.

Piramal Critical Care Ltd. U.K.

Piramal Critical Care Ltd. BV

Piramal Critical Care South Africa Pty. Ltd.

Piramal Critical Care Pty. Ltd.

PRL Developers Pvt. Ltd.

PRL Agastya Private Limited

Piramal Estates Private Limited

Gliders Buildcon Realtors Pvt. Ltd.

Piramal Realty Private Limited

Piramal Glass Private Limited

AASAN Corporate Solutions Private Limited

Montane Ventures Private Limited

Piramal Trusteeship Services Private Limited

Brickex Advisors Private Limited

Nival Developers Private Limited

Piramal Metals Private Limited

Gopikrishna Piramal Memorial Hospital

The Sri Gopikrishna Trust

The Sri Govinda Trust

The Sri Krishna Trust



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

Transactions with related parties

Nature of related party	Nature of Transaction	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Piramal Enterprises Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	1,834,00	995.62
Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	3,604.00	2,172 72
PHL Fininvest Pvt. Ltd.	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	1,502.00	772,52
Piramal Pharma Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	459.00	Je.
Piramal Critical Care Inc	Royalty Income	428.80	470.42
Piramal Critical Care GmbH	Royalty Income	15.24	15.40
Decision Resources LLC	Royalty Income		506.28
Piramal Critical Care Italia SPA	Royalty Income	19.83	16.51
Piramal Healthcare (Canada) Ltd Piramal Healthcare (UK) Ltd	Royalty Income	113,47	108.26
Piramal Pharma Solutions Inc.	Royalty Income	302,58	357.41
	Royalty Income	54,05	50.93
Piramal Critical Care Ltd. U.K.	Royalty Income	84.79	157.37
Piramal Critical Care BV	Royalty Income	43.77	18.24
Piramal Critical Care South Africa Pty. Ltd.	Royalty Income	9.74	13.20
Piramal Critical Care Pty. Ltd.	Royalty Income	0.98	0.41
PEL Healthcare LLC	Royalty Income	43,44	⊕
Piramal Pharma Solutions Ash Stevens	Royalty Income	136,49	**
Montane Ventures Private Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	4,62	4,68
Piramal Trusteeship Services Private Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	1.61	1.99
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	52.00	52.00
Brickex Advisors Private Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	5.47	24_48
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	75.00	75.00
Piramal Fund Management Pvt. Ltd.	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	24.00	22.66
Piramal Glass Private Limited	Royalty and Corporate Service Charges	1,332,68	1,250.00
PRL Agastya Private Limited	Royalty Income	13,14	11.35
Gliders Buildcon Realtors Pvt. Ltd.	Royalty Income	9.87	11,93
Piramal Estates Private Limited	Royalty Income	3,80	120
PRL Developers Pvt. Ltd.	Royalty Income		(*)
PRL Developers Pvt. Ltd.		1,00	100.00
•	Arranger Fees	₩	103.00
PRL Agastya Private Limited	Arranger Fees	*	94.00
Gliders Buildcon Realtors Pvt. Ltd.	Arranger Fees		401.00
Piramal Estates Private Limited	Arranger Fees	•	102.00
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Interest Expense	-	112.50
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Interest Income	9	402.90
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Interest Expense	-	12,83
Piramal Glass Private Limited	Interest Income	*	492.20
Piramal Metals Private Limited	Interest Income	322,36	0.78
Nival Developers Private Limited	Interest Income	¥	147.80
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Interest Income	1,404.36	1,366.25
Gopikrishna Piramal Memorial Hospital	License Fees Expenses	47.40	47.40
Pirama! Realty Private Limited	Loan given		1,146.00
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Loan repayment received		13,745.59
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Loan taken		535.03
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Loan repaid		535.03
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Loan given	67,070.00	50,649.62
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Loan repayment received	11,365,00	41,336.25
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Loan taken	11,505.00	11,001.25
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Loan repaid	~	11,048.31
Piramal Glass Private Limited	Loan given	2	
Piramal Glass Private Limited	_	2	38,492.20
	Loan repayment received	*	38,492,20
Nival Developers Private Limited	Loan given	•	2,400.00
Nival Developers Private Limited	Loan repayment received		2,400 00
Piramal Metals Private Limited	Loan given	2,287.00	2,041.07
Piramal Metals Private Limited	Loan repaid	4,328.07	*
The Sri Govinda Trust	Loan repaid	_ 5	713.50
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Service Centre Fees / License Fees	126.54	154.32
India Polo Promotion Foundation	Sponsorship Fees Expenses	10.00	10.00
Piramal Glass Private Limited	Sale of Investment	÷1	462,21

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

C.

50 Related party transactions (Continued)

Balances with related parties Nature of related party	Nature of Transaction	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Closing Balance Receivables			
Piramal Enterprises Limited	Trade Receivable	66,60	226.39
Piramal Critical Care Inc	Trade Receivable	179.92	203.96
Piramal Critical Care GmbH	Trade Receivable	1.22	23.18
Piramal Critical Care Italia SPA	Trade Receivable	8,90	3.63
Piramal Healthcare (Canada) Ltd	Trade Receivable	46.30	49.43
Piramal Healthcare (UK) Ltd	Trade Receivable	144,15	199.74
Piramal Pharma Solutions Inc.	Trade Receivable	27.24	17.32
Piramal Critical Care Ltd. BV	Trade Receivable	27.27	18.24
Piramal Critical Care South Africa Pty. Ltd.	Trade Receivable	7,51	13.20
Piramal Critical Care Pty. Ltd.	Trade Receivable	0.51	0.41
PEL Healthcare LLC	Trade Receivable	26.44	575
Piramal Pharma Solutions Ash Stevens	Trade Receivable	85.49	
Piramal Pharma Limited	Trade Receivable	501.00	263
Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Limited	Trade Receivable	*	67.10
PRL Agastya Private Limited	Trade Receivable	125,26	113,10
Gliders Buildcon Realtors Pvt. Ltd.	Trade Receivable	442.21	433.08
Piramal Estates Private Limited	Trade Receivable	113,67	110.16
Piramal Critical Care Ltd. U.K.	Trade Receivable	42.09	93,97
Montane Ventures Private Limited	Trade Receivable	5.11	5,05
Piramal Trusteeship Services Private Limited	Trade Receivable	3.36	2.15
Brickex Advisors Private Limited	Trade Receivable	6.04	26.44
PRL Developers Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivable	112.17	111.24
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Trade Receivable	82.88	81.00
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Trade Receivable	57.46	56.16
Piramal Realty Private Limited	Loan Receivable (including interest)	3	351.07
Nival Developers Private Limited	Loan Receivable (including interest)	9	133.02
Piramal Metals Private Limited	Loan Receivable (including interest)	298.19	2,041.07
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Loan Receivable (including interest)	66,317.41	9,313.37
Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.	Other Receivable	2.82	727
Piramal Trusteeship Services Private Limited	Other Receivable	0.19	280
Montane Ventures Private Limited	Other Receivable	1,14	3*3
Closing Balance Payables			
Piramal Fund Management Pvt Ltd.	Advance from Customer	: * ?	23.77
PHL Fininvest Pvt. Ltd.	Advance from Customer	177,91	8.08
Piramal Capital & Housing Finance Limited	Advance from Customer	276.25	
A C	Trada Davabla	0.12	

D. Terms and conditions

Aasan Corporate Solutions Pvt. Ltd.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with related parties were no more favourable than those available, or those which might reasonably be expected to be available, in respect of similar transactions with unrelated entities on an arm's length basis. All outstanding balances are unsecured.

0.12



Trade Payable

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

51 Fair Value Measurements

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category
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instruments
Financial
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As at 31 March 2021								
Particulars		Carrying amount	ount			Fair value	ilue	
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1 - Quoted price in active	Level 2 - Significant observable inputs	Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs	Total
Financial assets					markets			
Loans	Ē	38.	66,318.23	66.318.23	ï	,	9	2
Investments						Ñ	•	
- Mutual funds	1,923.30	13.	9	1,923.30	,	1,923,30	,	1 923 30
- Equity instruments	1.45	2.75		4.20	4.20		í	1,723.30
- Preference shares	66,548.83	31		66,548.83	٠	66.548.83		07.4
Trade receivables	129	((4))	2,402.03	2,402.03				00,040,00
Cash and cash equivalents	51 0	3,003	410.40	410.40			19	n g
Other bank balances		((*))	0.43	0.43		×	.04	
NSC Certificate	:::	D#0	0.35	0.35	*	.*	D*	Ų Q
Security deposits	99F is	1000	21.46	21.46	(0)			
Interest receivable	93 9 31	Œ	298.19	298.19	(*)	:*	9	(·
Other financial assets	((€)	•10	29.11	29.11	*	÷9	o as•	6 •
Total financial assets	68,473.58	2.75	69,480.19	1,37,956.51	4.20	68,472.13	11.00	68,476.33
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	000	*	59,124.11	59,124.11	9	:000		9
Trade payables	*	in.	1,176.58	1,176.58	(N)	•	. A)	0
Lease liabilities	•	×	15.37	15.37	a.€a	100		
Interest payable (accrued but not due)	36	ä	36.84	36.84	5 3	K	٠	•
Other financial liabilities	24	4	1,100.97	1,100.97	•0		•	*
Total financial liabilities		ā	61,453.86	61,453.86	r		:#C	•



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

As at 31 March 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs)

		THE CHILD WITH CHILD				41116A 41164	ılue	
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1 - Quoted	Level 2 - Significant	Level 3 - Significant	Tofal
					price in active markets	observable inputs		Total
Financial assets								
Loans	50	(0)	11,354.44	11.354.44	4	.9	ĵi	19
Investments							Ğr	9
- Mutual funds	1,822.46	•0	×	1.822.46	1	1 822 46		1 877 46
- Equity instruments	0.80	1.46		2.26	2.26	0.:210,4	ě,	1,022.40
- Preference shares	66,471.66	90		66.471.66		66 471 66		66 171 66
Trade receivables	ë	ar.	2,306.80	2,306.80	i.			00,471,00
Cash and cash equivalents	٠	x	438.10	438.10	i e		n ,	(i)
Other bank balances	**	٠	0.48	0.48		00 •0	o .	
NSC Certificate	*	¥	0.35	0.35	1197	0 •		
Security deposits	¥	i	21.60	21.60	1.W	•	× .*	
Interest receivable	Ţ	4	484.09	484.09		· *		•
Other financial assets	ř	*	49.12	49.12			2 30	
Total financial assets	68,294.92	1.46	14,654.98	82,951.36	2.26	68,294.12	· w	68,296.38
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	19		9,439.58	9,439.58	٠	W	14	•
Trade payables	[S.	(*)	330.38	330.38	*	T.	э	1
Lease liabilities	(g)		24.42	24.42	٠	*	30	Û
Interest payable (accrued but not due)	\$ 8 5	ij.	42.16	42.16	30	9	230	9
Other financial liabilities	96)	•)).	1,135.96	1,135.96	18	30	36	i
Total financial liabilities	•)		10,972.50	10,972.50	3.	3		

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost is not materially different from the amortised cost. Further, impact of time value of money is not significant for the financial instruments classified as current. Accordingly, the fair value has not been disclosed separately.



Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

Fair Value Measurements (Continued) 51

(Rs. In Lakhs)

B. Measurement of fair values

Types of inputs for determining fair value are as under:

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes finencial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: These instruments are valued based on significant unobservable inputs whereby future cash flows are discounted using appropriate discount rate.

Transfers between Levels 1 and 2

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the reporting periods

Transfer out of Level 3 Level 3 fair values

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

Particulars	(Rs. In Lakhs)
Balance as on March 31, 2019	1.221.10
Change in the value	(1.221.10)
Balance as on March 31, 2020	
Change in the value	
Balance as on March 31, 2021	•

C. Valuation processes

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, capital creditors and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

Financial instruments risk management objectives and policies 22

The Group has in place a well-defined risk management policy. The management regularly reviews the risk and take appropriate steps to mitigate the risk. The Group has a robust Business Risk Management (BRM) frame work to identify, evaluate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the business objectives and enhance the Group's competitive advantage. The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- · Credit risk;
- · Liquidity risk; and
 - Market risk
- Currency risk





(Rs. In Lakhs)

Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2021

Risk	Exposure arising from Measurement		Management
Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, Credit trade receivables and Review financial assets.	of v of s,	alents, Credit ratings, Strict credit control and monitoring system, diversification of and Review of aging counterparties, on quarterly basis. quarterly basis.
Liquidity Risk	Trade payables and other financial liabilities.	Maturity analysis, cash flow projections.	Trade payables and other Maturity analysis, Maintaining sufficient cash / cash equivalents and marketable financial liabilities. flow security and focus on realisation of receivables. projections.
Market Risk – Foreign Exchange	Financial assets and Foreign currency liabilities not denominated exposure review in INR. and sensitivity analysis.	Foreign currency/ exposure review and sensitivity analysis.	and Foreign currency The company is exploring to its unhedged positions. ated exposure review and sensitivity analysis.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or fail to pay amounts due causing financial loss to the Group. The potential activities where credit risks may arise include from cash and cash equivalents, security deposits or other deposits, loans and advances to employees and customer receivables. The maximum credit exposure associated with financial assets is equal to the carrying amount. Details of the credit risk specific to the Group along with relevant mitigation procedures adopted have been enumerated below:

Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit Risk is the exposure that Group has on account of services provided to various related parties. All receivables are reviewed and assessed for default on a quarterly basis.

The Group provides for allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables. The Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix.

15.35 0.46 5.29 277.42 2,000.70 2,306.80 31 March 2020 5.04 1,405.06 989.56 2,402.03 31 March 2021 Age of receivables 9-12 Months Particulars 3-6 Months 6-9 Months 0-3 Months Not Due



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

been any adverse change in credit quality and are envisaged as recoverable based on the historical payment behaviour and extensive analysis of customer credit risk, including underlying customers' credit ratings, if they are available. Consequently, no additional provision has been created on account of expected credit loss on the receivables. There are no other classes of financial assets that are past due but not impaired. The provision for impairment of trade receivables, movement of which has been provided below, is not significant / material. The concentration of credit risk is low due to fact that the customer base consists of related Generally credit period is 30 Days. The above receivables which are past due but not impaired are assessed on case-to-case basis. Management is of the view that these financial assets are not impaired as there has not

Rs. In Lakhs)

Other financial assets

Other financial assets includes cash and cash equivalents, security deposits or other deposits, loans and advances to employees etc.

- · Cash and cash equivalents and Bank deposits are placed with banks having good reputation and past track record with adequate credit rating.
 - · Loan and advances to employees are unsecured in nature. Based on historical trends, the management does not foresee any credit risk.
- The Group has given security deposits to various government authorities and other parties. Based on historical trends, the management does not foresee any credit risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are proposed to be settled by delivering cash or other financial asset. The Group's financial planning has ensured, as far as possible, that there is sufficient liquidity to meet the liabilities whenever due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group has practiced financial diligence and syndicated adequate liquidity in all business scenarios.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at 31 March 2021	Carrying amount	ŭ	Contractual cash flows	80
		Total	Less than 12	More than 12
			months	months
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Borrowings	59,124.11	59,124.11	59,124.10	0.00
Trade payables	1,176.58	1,176.58	1,176.58	(0
Interest payable (accrued but not due)	36.84	36.84	36.84	910
Other financial liabilities	1,100.97	1,100.97	1,100.97	3 800
Total	61,438.49	61,438.49	61,438.49	0.00

As at 31 March 2020	Carrying amount	ŏ	Contractual maturities	100
		Total	Less than 12	More than 12
			months	months
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Borrowings	9,439.58	9,439.58	4,341.05	5.098.52
Trade payables	330.38	330.38	330.38	
Interest payable (accrued but not due)	42.16	42.16	42.16	
Other financial liabilities	1,135.96	1,135.96	1,135.96	
Total	10.948.08	10.948.08	55 6F8 5	5 008 52



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Group's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio. The group does not have floating rate financial instruments as on 31st March, 2021 and as on 31st March, 2020. So the group is not exposed to Interest Rate risk.

(b) Foreign Currency risk

The group has exposure to foreign currency risk on account of its payable and receivables in foreign currency. The company is following natural hedging to mitigate the foreign currency risk.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk which are unhedged at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Currency	31 March 2021	2021	31 March 2020	ch 2020
Receivables	Foreign Currency	(Rs. In Lakhs)	Foreign Currency	(Rs. In Lakhs)
USD	4,91,368	361.18	4,13,225	315.25
GBP	1,42,789	144.15		199.74
EUR	43,429	37.39		45.05
CAD	79,612	46.30		49.43
ZAR	1,56,516	7.51	3,13,522	13.20
AUD	929	0.51	871	0.41

Sensitivity Analysis-

other variables held constant. 5% appreciation/depreciation of USD, GBP, EUR, CAD, ZAR & AUD with respect to functional currency of the company will have impact of following (decrease)/increase in Profit & The Group is mainly exposed to changes in USD, GBP, EUR, CAD, ZAR & AUD. The sensitivity analysis demonstrate a reasonably possible change in USD, GBP, EUR, CAD, ZAR & AUD exchange rates, with all



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

Particulars	31 March 2021	021	31 March 2020	h 2020
Impact on profit or loss for the year	Strengthens	Weakening	Strengthens	Weakening
USD Impact	18.06	(18.06)	15.76	(15.76)
GBP Impact	7.21	(7.21)	66.6	(66.6)
EUR Impact	1.87	(1.87)	225	(30.0)
CAD Impact	2.31	(2.31)	2.47	(2.2)
ZAR Impact	0.38	(0.38)	0.66	(14.2)
AUD Impact	0.03	(0.03)	0.02	(20.0)
Total	29.85	(29.85)	31.15	(31.15)

(Rs. In Lakhs)

(iv) Price risk

Exposure

The group's exposure to equity securities price risk arises from investments held by the company and classified in the balance sheet either as fair value through OCI or at fair value through profit or loss.

To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the company diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the company.

Capital management 53

The Group defines capital as total equity including issued equity share capital and all other equity reserves of the Group (which is the Group's net asset value). The primary objective of the Group's financial framework is to support the pursuit of value growth for shareholders, while ensuring a secure financial base. The Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'adjusted equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings and obligations under finance leases, less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted equity comprises all components of equity.

The Group's adjusted net debt to equity ratio was as follows.

articulars	Note	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
otal borrowings	24, 29, 32	59,124.11	9,439.58
ess: cash and bank balances	16	410.82	438.58
djusted net debt	*	58,713.28	9,001.00
quity share capital	22	1,75,379.09	1,75,379.09
ther equity	23	70,540.69	75,969.56
otal equity	ALV.	2,45,919.78	2,51,348.65
djusted net debt to adjusted equity rat	tio	0.24	0.04



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

54 Foreign Currency Exposure:

The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under.

(a) Amount Receivable in Foreign Currency on account of the following:

Currency	31 March 2021	9021	31 March 2020	h 2020
Receivables	Foreign Currency	(Rs. In Lakhs)	Foreign Currency	(Rs. In Lakhs)
USD	4,91,368	315.25	_	
GBP	1,42,789	199.74	2,14,603	199.74
EUR	43,429	45.05		45.05
CAD	79,612	49.43	92,803	49.43
ZAR	1,56,516	13.20	3,13,522	13.20
AUD	929	0.41	871	0.41

55 Estimation of uncertainty relating to COVID-19 global health pandemic:

comprising property, plant and equipment and investments as at the balance sheet date. Based on the assessment by the Management the net carrying values of the said assets will be recovered at the values stated. The Company evaluated the internal controls including internal controls with reference to financial statements, which have been found to be operating effectively given that there have been no dilution of such controls due The Company has assessed, In line with "Advisory on Impact of Coronavirus on Financial Reporting' Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the recoverability and carrying values of its assets to factors caused by COVID 19 situation. The Company has estimated and recognised NIL Loss on financial assets, on account of the anticipated effect of the global health pandemic.

As a result of uncertainties resulting from COVID-19, the impact of this pandemic may be different from those estimated as on the date of approval of these financial results and the Company will continue to monitor any changes to the future economic conditions.

56 The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on November 22, 2021.



Notes to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2021

57 The Previous years' figures have been regrouped, where necessary to conform to current years' classification.

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MUMBAI

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As per our report of even date attached

For M L BHUWANIA AND CO LLP Chartered Accountants

FRN: 101484W / W100197

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Piramal Corporate Services Private Limited

Vijay Kumar Jain

Partner

Membership No: 108374

Sunil Adukia

Director

DIN: 00020049

Narayan A.

Saray on A

Director

DIN: 06575756

F- 11, 3rd Floor, Manek Mahal, 90, Veer Nariman Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

Place: Mumbai

Date: November 22, 2021

Jitesh Agarwal

Company Secretary

Membership No. FCS-6890

Place: Mumbai

Date: November 22, 2021